| The Months of the Year |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Abbreviation | Calendar <br> Order | Number <br> of Days |
| January | Jan. | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{3 1}$ |
| February | Feb. | 2 | $28 / 29$ |
| March | Mar. | 3 | 31 |
| April | Apr. | 4 | 30 |
| May | May | 5 | 31 |
| June | Jun. | 6 | 30 |
| July | Jul. | 7 | 31 |
| August | Aug. | $\mathbf{8}$ | 31 |
| September | Sep. | 9 | 30 |
| October | Oct | 10 | 31 |
| November | Nov. | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 30 |
| December | Dec. | 12 | 31 |

## Mnemonics for remembering the lengths of the months:

Hold up your two fists with the index knuckle of your left hand aga inst the index knuckle of your right ha nd. Then, sta rting with J a nuary from the little knuckle of your left ha nd, count knuckle, space, knuckle, space through the months. A knuckle represents a month of 31 days, and a space representsa short month.

Thirty days hath September, April, J une, and November; All the rest have thirty-one, Excepting February alone, And it hastwenty-eight days time, But in leap years, February hastwenty-nine.

